

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

NO. 64. VOL. 7.]

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1867.

[PRICE 6d. or 12 cts.

TELEGRAPHIC.

EUROPE.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Public suspense is great relative to the reply of the Sultan to the Russian ultimatum. It is feared that too much reliance will be placed upon the friendship of England and France, and that the Turks will refuse to comply with the demands of Russia. In this event a war will be inevitable between the Turks and Russians which it is apprehended will lead to serious complications with foreign powers.

Sept. 12.—Returns of the Bank of England show that the amount of bullion has increased £300,000 since the 5th.

Sept. 14.—The Doncaster races are ended. Wilton won the Mercury Plate, valued at £200; Hermit is the winner of 200 sovereigns.

The annual race of clipper ships with a cargo of new tea from China, was won by the Taeping, which arrived to-day, 16 vessels started.

A telegram from Bombay announces the first steamer of the Abyssinia expedition has left India to explore the coast and to find out a suitable place for landing for the ten steamers which have sailed from England for India where they will transport troops and ammunitions of war to Abyssinia.

BERLIN, Sept. 12.—The Confederate Parliament of the North German States met to-day formally. King William in his speech said their national relations with the rest of Germany has been fixed by treaties, and assured the members that the financial condition of the Confederation is in an excellent condition.

Sept. 14.—The King of Prussia has sent an autograph letter to the Emperor and Empress of the French, inviting them to meet him and other Sovereigns of the North German States in some city in Germany, hereafter to be named.

It is generally believed that Professor Martin Simpson, President of the last Parliament will be chosen President of the North German Parliament.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 14.—A firman from the Sultan granting a general amnesty to the Greek insurgents in Candia has just been officially promulgated. The Government concluded not to have a mixed commission to enquire into the grievances of the Cretan Christians as had been proposed.

ATHENS, Sept. 12.—France and England have sent a joint note to Greece, urging the Government to refrain from further hostilities while the Sultan maintains neutrality with Crete.

FLORENCE, Sept. 15.—The Government threatens to commence proceedings against Garibaldi if he persists in his hostile attacks on Rome.

PARIS, Sept. 15.—The fortifications of Strasbourg are to be extended and strengthened.

MADRID, Sept. 10.—The insurgents are still successful, and much alarm prevails in Government circles.

CANADA.

MONTREAL, Sept. 13.—McGee and friends will institute a scrutiny into the whole poll of Montreal, by which they expect to show that 5000 fraudulent votes were polled.

Sept. 12.—Earl Mayo succeeds Lord Monck as Governor of Canada next June. Gen. C. Windham replaces Gen. Michael as Commander-in-Chief of the Canadian forces.

EASTERN STATES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The Savage and Roberts Fenian attempt has failed. Gen. Meade, on his recent visit to the border, failed to discover a single Fenian.

Sept. 15.—A special despatch to the Herald, from Rio Janeiro August 8th, reports a disastrous repulse to the ex-

pedition of the allied force. The expedition was obliged to retire after advancing far into Paraguay, harassed for twenty days by the enemy. Cholera had broken out, carrying off principal officers and a large number of men.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 12.—The yellow fever is still raging with considerable violence here, and also at Pensacola.

PORTLAND, ME., Sept. 13.—Chamberlain is elected by ten or twelve thousand majority. The Republican loss is 16,000 since last year.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Sept. 12.—The great International four-oared boat race between the Ward brothers and others, at St. Johns, Newfoundland, came off yesterday. The Wards won, beating their opponents one minute and forty-eight seconds.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17.—Legal Tenders 694 @ 70.

Sept. 18.—The steamship China arrived this morning from New York, via Straits of Magellan. She is sister ship to the Great Republic and Celestial Empire in the San Francisco and China trade. She reports the return to Panama of the two Railroad Commissioners who have been in Bogota for many months, in the interest of the railroad company, having completely succeeded in negotiations for renewal of the present company's charter for a period of 99 years. The general Government of Bogota receives \$1,000,000 down and an annual rental of \$250,000.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Flour—Demand for good superfine; half sbs per 100lbs, \$5.25 @ 5.50; 1/2 sbs, \$5.50 @ 5.75; extra, half sbs, \$5.25 @ 5.50; 1/2 sbs, \$5.50 @ 5.75. Wheat—Firm at \$2.00 @ \$2.05, with exceptions at sales at a slight advance on outside quotations. Barley—Good new brewing, \$1.80 per 100lbs.

Outs—Sales of 1500 sbs in lots, fair to good, \$1.70 @ \$1.80.

MEXICO.

GALVESTON, Sept. 12.—Matamoros advices say an election is ordered for deputies to Congress, a President and Judges of the Supreme Court, on the twenty-second. Congress meets on the 20th of November. The President takes his seat on the first of December, and the Chief Justice on January 1st.

THE CHAUDIERE GOLD MINES.—LARGE NUGGETS FOUND.—A nugget of gold worth \$1,200 has been found on the Chaudiere diggings by Messrs. McKenzie and Morrison. A report says that immense quantities of gold have been washed from the bed of the Gilbert River, and amongst it three large nuggets which California cannot surpass. The first weighed 48 ounces, the second 51 1/2 ounces, and the largest, weighing 65 ounces, in value \$1,200, was found a few days ago in the alluvial washings by two miners named McKenzie and Morrison. The average amount of gold washed from the simple contrivances in the possession of the miners has been about two thousand dollars a day.

THE CANADIAN SARATOGA.—There is now every prospect, says the Ottawa Citizen, that the Caledonia Springs will become the most fashionable resort for summer travellers in Canada. The healing qualities of the waters are highly spoken of by the medical faculty, and now that good accommodation has been provided for strangers a great influx of visitors will take place.

THE Secretary of State for Canada, or Home department, will also be keeper of the great seal, Registrar of the Dominion, Superintendent-General of the Indian department, and Superintendent of Ordnance Lands.

New Advertisements.

EXPRESS.

DIETZ & NELSON'S

BRITISH COLUMBIA

VICTORIA EXPRESS.

CONNECTING AT VICTORIA WITH

Wells, Fargo & Co.

FOR.....

California, Oregon, the Atlantic

States and Europe;

AND AT YALE AND LILLOOET WITH

Barnard's Cariboo Express

FOR.....

Big Bend, Cariboo and the Northern

Mines;

Conveying Treasure, Valuables, Letters, Parcels, and Packages;

Purchasing of Drafts and Bills of Exchange, from Wells, Fargo & Co., and other

Banking Houses;

Collecting Drafts, Notes of Hand, Debts, &c.

Executing Commissions, Orders, Inquiries, &c.

Forwarding of Merchandise, Packages, Parcels, &c.

Attending to the Registration of Mortgages, Deeds, and other Documents, the Assaying of Gold Dust, Silver and other

Valuables, and all other business connected with the above.

Landing Warrants Prepared and Goods passed through the Customs House without delay.

Particular attention given to the purchase of Goods at New Westminster, Victoria and San Francisco on the most favorable terms, and delivery to destination.

CITY BAKERY

CHOP & STEAK HOUSE

AND.....

General Grocery Store

COLUMBIA ST. EET.

READY CASH BUSINESS!

The Best Bread,

The most Wholesome Pies

The most Delicious Cakes

AND.....

CONFECTIONERY

Of all kinds always on hand.

FROM this date, the subscriber begs to inform the public that he will furnish Bread, made from the first quality of Flour in

FIVE CENTS PER POUND!

For which tickets will be issued. Steaks and Chops always ready, and victuals in every style served at the shortest notice.

ON REASONABLE TERMS.

Fresh Ground Coffee every day; also, Fresh Butter, from the best dairies in New Westminster.

New Westminster, July 26, 1866.

JOSEPH SOREL.

NOTICE.

Barnard's Stages

MAKE

WEEKLY TRIPS ONLY

Passengers for Cariboo by Stage will require to leave Victoria by FRIDAY'S STEAMER.

See large advertisement

F. J. BARNARD.

ma29tc

NOTICE.

ALL parties indebted to Dr. Black are hereby notified that unless their accounts are paid or arranged before the 1st day of June next, immediate proceedings will be taken.

HENRY V. EDMONDS.

New Advertisements.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints: Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Psoriasis, Itch, Blotches, Boils, Ringworm, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1866. I, C. A. Ayer & Co. Gentl: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous system, I have suffered in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my face, and I was obliged to wear a mask which was painful and tedious. I was also afflicted with several physicians, but without much relief from any of them. In fact, the disease grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Cooper's Magazine that you had prepared an alternative (Sarsaparilla). I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a meal, and used it till it cured me. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit.

ALFRED H. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Ringworm, Scrofula, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Paine writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept. 1866, that he has cured an intricate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the purifying use of your Sarsaparilla, and now a dangerous Rheumatism is large under the same; says he cures the common Rheumatism by constantly.

Bronchitis, Cough or Swelled Neck.

John S. Bennett writes from New York: "I have had the use of your Sarsaparilla for some time, and it has cured me of a chronic Cough, which I had suffered from for years."

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tumors, Uterine Discharges, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. S. Bennett, of New York (the writer of the above), writes: "I have cured a most obstinate case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

Edward S. Martin, of New York, writes: "A dangerous case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, was completely cured by your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

By Phlegm and Rheumatism Disease.

New Orleans, 24th August, 1866.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co. Gentl: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous system, I have suffered in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my face, and I was obliged to wear a mask which was painful and tedious. I was also afflicted with several physicians, but without much relief from any of them. In fact, the disease grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Cooper's Magazine that you had prepared an alternative (Sarsaparilla). I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a meal, and used it till it cured me. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

ALFRED H. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Ringworm, Scrofula, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Paine writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept. 1866, that he has cured an intricate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the purifying use of your Sarsaparilla, and now a dangerous Rheumatism is large under the same; says he cures the common Rheumatism by constantly.

Bronchitis, Cough or Swelled Neck.

John S. Bennett writes from New York: "I have had the use of your Sarsaparilla for some time, and it has cured me of a chronic Cough, which I had suffered from for years."

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tumors, Uterine Discharges, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. S. Bennett, of New York (the writer of the above), writes: "I have cured a most obstinate case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

Edward S. Martin, of New York, writes: "A dangerous case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, was completely cured by your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

By Phlegm and Rheumatism Disease.

New Orleans, 24th August, 1866.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co. Gentl: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous system, I have suffered in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my face, and I was obliged to wear a mask which was painful and tedious. I was also afflicted with several physicians, but without much relief from any of them. In fact, the disease grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Cooper's Magazine that you had prepared an alternative (Sarsaparilla). I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a meal, and used it till it cured me. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

ALFRED H. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Ringworm, Scrofula, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Paine writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept. 1866, that he has cured an intricate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the purifying use of your Sarsaparilla, and now a dangerous Rheumatism is large under the same; says he cures the common Rheumatism by constantly.

Bronchitis, Cough or Swelled Neck.

John S. Bennett writes from New York: "I have had the use of your Sarsaparilla for some time, and it has cured me of a chronic Cough, which I had suffered from for years."

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tumors, Uterine Discharges, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. S. Bennett, of New York (the writer of the above), writes: "I have cured a most obstinate case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

Edward S. Martin, of New York, writes: "A dangerous case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, was completely cured by your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

By Phlegm and Rheumatism Disease.

New Orleans, 24th August, 1866.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co. Gentl: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous system, I have suffered in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my face, and I was obliged to wear a mask which was painful and tedious. I was also afflicted with several physicians, but without much relief from any of them. In fact, the disease grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Cooper's Magazine that you had prepared an alternative (Sarsaparilla). I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a meal, and used it till it cured me. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

ALFRED H. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Ringworm, Scrofula, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Paine writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept. 1866, that he has cured an intricate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the purifying use of your Sarsaparilla, and now a dangerous Rheumatism is large under the same; says he cures the common Rheumatism by constantly.

Bronchitis, Cough or Swelled Neck.

John S. Bennett writes from New York: "I have had the use of your Sarsaparilla for some time, and it has cured me of a chronic Cough, which I had suffered from for years."

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tumors, Uterine Discharges, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. S. Bennett, of New York (the writer of the above), writes: "I have cured a most obstinate case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

Edward S. Martin, of New York, writes: "A dangerous case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, was completely cured by your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

By Phlegm and Rheumatism Disease.

New Orleans, 24th August, 1866.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co. Gentl: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous system, I have suffered in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my face, and I was obliged to wear a mask which was painful and tedious. I was also afflicted with several physicians, but without much relief from any of them. In fact, the disease grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Cooper's Magazine that you had prepared an alternative (Sarsaparilla). I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a meal, and used it till it cured me. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

ALFRED H. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Ringworm, Scrofula, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Paine writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept. 1866, that he has cured an intricate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the purifying use of your Sarsaparilla, and now a dangerous Rheumatism is large under the same; says he cures the common Rheumatism by constantly.

Bronchitis, Cough or Swelled Neck.

John S. Bennett writes from New York: "I have had the use of your Sarsaparilla for some time, and it has cured me of a chronic Cough, which I had suffered from for years."

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tumors, Uterine Discharges, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. S. Bennett, of New York (the writer of the above), writes: "I have cured a most obstinate case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

Edward S. Martin, of New York, writes: "A dangerous case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, was completely cured by your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

By Phlegm and Rheumatism Disease.

New Orleans, 24th August, 1866.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co. Gentl: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous system, I have suffered in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my face, and I was obliged to wear a mask which was painful and tedious. I was also afflicted with several physicians, but without much relief from any of them. In fact, the disease grew worse. At length I was induced to read in the Cooper's Magazine that you had prepared an alternative (Sarsaparilla). I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a meal, and used it till it cured me. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

ALFRED H. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Ringworm, Scrofula, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Paine writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept. 1866, that he has cured an intricate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the purifying use of your Sarsaparilla, and now a dangerous Rheumatism is large under the same; says he cures the common Rheumatism by constantly.

Bronchitis, Cough or Swelled Neck.

John S. Bennett writes from New York: "I have had the use of your Sarsaparilla for some time, and it has cured me of a chronic Cough, which I had suffered from for years."

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tumors, Uterine Discharges, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. S. Bennett, of New York (the writer of the above), writes: "I have cured a most obstinate case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

Edward S. Martin, of New York, writes: "A dangerous case of Leucorrhoea, which I had suffered from for years, was completely cured by your Sarsaparilla. I feel now that I can well believe that I feel as I am saying when I tell you that I had got to be one of the species of the aged and decrepit."

New Advertisements.

YALE COLONIAL HOTEL!!!

RESTAURANT!

FERRIE & LATREMOULIERE, PROPRIETORS.

THE above New and First Class Hotel, situated in the town of Yale, B. C., is now open for the accommodation of the public, and having been fitted up with great care, is provided with every accommodation for the comfort of its guests. In the

Restaurant Department

The Cooking will be found of rare excellence, and the table supplied to suit the most fastidious taste. The

Sleeping Departments

Are neat, comfortable and commodious, and the accommodation for private families excellent.

THE BAR

Is stocked with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

The whole establishment being under the special management and superintendence of the proprietors, guests may rely upon being treated with every care and attention.

Yale, B. C. July 28, 1866.

A. W. PIPER, CONFECTIONER.

Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

MAKES pleasure in announcing to the Trade that he is prepared to manufacture every variety of Confectionery at the most reasonable rates, and of the purest and best quality.

NO A VANCE IN PRICES, TARIFF OR NO TARIFF!

Orders from the Interior are solicited and will receive prompt attention.

Victoria, March 23d 1867.

GREAT REDUCTION

COLONIAL HOTEL.

Soda Creek.

W'LESE & SENAY, PROPRIETORS.

EG to Return Thanks to their patrons for the past and in order to suit the times, they have reduced the scale of prices, viz:—

**Important to Business Men in
Victoria, California, Portland,
and Places on the Sound!**

This Journal is the oldest newspaper published in British Columbia; it is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is well known as an advertising medium for this Colony.

David Sparrow, in Victoria, and J. P. Fisher, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Royal Columbian Hospital.

Wanted, Tenders—H. V. Edmonds.

The British Columbian.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1887.

SABBATH DESECRATION.

We "Britishers," as our neighbours call us, are so accustomed to plume ourselves upon the superiority of our laws and institutions that we would perhaps be in some danger of becoming blind alike to our own shortcomings, and to what is really good and praise worthy in others, did not an occasional incident rudely disturb our pleasant dream. For long, and with much show of reason, were we enabled to point with pardonable pride to the orderly and law abiding character of our population when compared with that of some other countries. Circumstances have recently transpired in our most important goldfield, which must effectually prevent indulgence in self-gratulation upon that point, at least for some time to come. It is matter of regret that we have never been able to claim for our people any great degree of superiority in regard to their outward respect for, and obedience to, those institutions and requirements of that higher law, which is confessedly the secret of our country's greatness. With a few worthy exceptions, those in authority in this colony, those entrusted with the enforcement of law and justice, and who, from their position, ought to be a terror to evildoers and a praise and protection to them that do well, have ever been far too remiss, may, have, in some instances, used their influence and example for evil rather than for good. These painful reflections have been suggested by a local item which appeared in the *Cariboo Sentinel* of Monday the 9th inst., and which ran as follows:—**SABBATH EXHIBITION.**—Wilson's sparring entertainment drew a good house last night, and the programme which consisted of sparring, singing and dancing gave great satisfaction. A deposit of \$100 aside towards the additional \$1000 stakes, was made at the conclusion of the entertainment. The "last night" alluded to was *Sunday night*. What a commentary upon the moral sentiment of Cariboo! Is it surprising that, when the laws of God are thus openly trampled upon, the laws of man fare no better? Where were the representatives of our boasted British law when that entertainment, of doubtful propriety on any day, was being given in the most public way, and within a stone's throw of the halls of justice, on the Sabbath evening? Would such things have been permitted even in the early days? Whither are we drifting? Well do we know that what we now write will be sneered at as hypocritical cant. The same spirit which would countenance the indecent, outrage, the same spirit which would chronicle it as an item of news, unaccompanied by the slightest expression of disapprobation would sit in the seat of the scorners. Yet how can men be worthy of the name of British Subjects, how can they admire the institutions and obey the laws of that great and glorious country to which it is ever our pride to owe allegiance, if they thus openly condemn and subvert the very essence and foundation of its constitution—of all that is great and good in it? Depend upon it, we have no solid grounds for expecting prosperity as a people while both rulers and ruled manifest such gross looseness in respect of fundamental moral principles. Holding, as we do, as a nation, that "Righteousness exalteth a nation, but sin is a disgrace to any people," what can we expect but that lawlessness and crime, commercial depression, political licentiousness and national misfortune shall blight this magnificent young colony.

as the legitimate fruit of unblushing disregard of the laws of Him by whom alone Kings rule and Princes decree Justice?"

CANADIAN SUMMARY.

Our Canadian files reach to the 20th ult., but are unusually devoid of interest. In fact they contain little beyond election news, the young nation being in the throes of its first general election. The gold mines of Ontario appear to be attracting much attention, and not without good cause. It is now a settled fact, granted by all parties, that the Richardson mine and others are exceedingly rich. Experienced miners from Australia, California and Montana, proved long since the existence of well-defined ledges of mineral throughout the back country. The Richardson mine being now in full operation, a new impetus is given to mining operations. Prof. Otway, FRS, of England, and M. Cojetoff, of New York, both have proved, beyond doubt, that the mineral deposits exist in paying quantities over a large area of country. They find gold and silver in nearly every assay, ranging from twenty to five hundred dollars per ton. Mr. Glass, of Kingston, had on exhibition, fine specimens taken out of the famous Richardson mine, weighing from five to fifty pounds, in which gold is distinctly seen in several places. The largest piece of quartz for value, is considered, by good judges, to equal anything ever produced in California or Australia.

A London paper notices the presence in that city of Mason of Trent, a society. Mr. Mason's visit was understood to be for the purpose of ascertaining the respective merits and capabilities of the principal towns and cities in Canada for manufacturing purposes, and reporting the same to a number of Southern capitalists who desire to establish themselves in the Dominion. It was understood in certain quarters that the Ottawa ship canal will be begun before the International railway is completed.

Sir William Logan and Dr. Sterry Hunt have been created Officers of the Legion of Honour, by the French Emperor, in acknowledgement of their services at the Paris Exhibition. They have also received the honour of a silver medal.

Philip Jolicœur, Esq., Q. C., has been gazetted Assistant Provincial Secretary for the Province of Quebec and Henry Hopper Mills, Esq. Recording Clerk of the Council of Public Instruction.

The Rev. Mr. Bagely is in Montreal at present with the purpose of inducing ex-President Jeff Davis to sign a position to President Johnson for pardon. It is not believed that he will do so.

Mr. Watkins, M. P., has received the honor of Knighthood in consideration of his services in promoting the Intercolonial Railway.

FROM KOOTENAY.

From parties just arrived from Big Bend we have received the following information:—The weather was delightful. There were not more than 50 miners on French creek; McCulloch's creek was almost deserted. The Blackhawk co. took out \$418 50 on the 24th of August. They took out for the week ending the 24th, \$950. The Blue-nose co. had given up hydraulicking and resumed drifting. The Daggart co. were putting in a wing-dam. This company has made about 300 a day to the hand during the season. The Discovery co. and the Kane co. had abandoned their claims. Two or three of the claims abandoned last year were being worked, and were paying wages. The markets were well supplied. Colville flour sells at 20cts.; beans, 50cts.; bacon, 75cts.; butter, \$1 50; sugar, 50cts.; mutton, 30cts.; beef from 15 to 25cts., owing to the opposition.

FROM YALE.—The str. Onward, Capt. Irving, arrived from Yale on Monday evening, bringing a few passengers, some of which were Big Bend miners. The Onward brings no later news of importance.

HARRISON QUARTZ.—The rock brought down from Harrison Lake last week, by Capt. Fleming, assayed between \$40 and \$50 in silver and gold to the ton.

THE CRANBERRY TRADE.—Mr. Hoyt commenced the purchase of cranberries on Saturday. They came in pretty freely on Monday, when he took 34 bbls during the day. A schooner, the *Sarprise*, Capt. Spring, arrived from Victoria on Monday, with a view to the purchase of a cargo of cranberries. The result of this competition may possibly be that more berries will be gathered; but it may also possibly result in loss to the operators, should a foolish strife as to price and measure be carried on. In any case the trade is likely to put a few thousand dollars in circulation amongst the Indians, which will help them to make provision for approaching winter. Mr. Hoyt pays in American half-dollars of this year's mintage, a coin held in high estimation by the natives.

POSTPONED.—His Excellency the Governor has been delayed at Victoria by important despatches received by last mail, and is not now expected up before Friday, in consequence of which the foundation-stone of the new church will probably not be laid till next week.

New Advertisements.**WANTED.
TENDERS.**

FOR repairing the two bridges at Lytton Square, according to plans and specifications which can be seen at my Office. Tenders to be sent in before six o'clock p.m. on the 28th proximo.

HENRY V. EDMONDS,
sp25c Clerk to Municipal Council.

ROYAL COLUMBIAN HOSPITAL.

THE Board of Management of the above Institution have much pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of \$51 from the Officers and Members of the Hyack Fire Company, being the proceeds of a pleasure excursion to Langley by the steamer Lillooet on Tuesday the 17th inst.

W. J. ARMSTRONG,
President.

CARD OF THANKS.

The Officers and Members of the Hyack Engine Co. desire to express publicly their thanks to Capt. Fleming for his generosity and kindness in placing the Steamer Lillooet at the disposal of the company on the occasion of the Hyack Picnic given in aid of the R. C. Hospital, on Tuesday last.

For the company,
GEO. C. CLARKSON, CAPT.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The last chance to buy BEARING FRUIT TREES will be had this Fall.

THE Subscriber will sell one half the trees in his Orchard at very reduced rates. Parties wishing to purchase can go and select for themselves. Mr. Daniel Holson, on the premises, will point out the trees for sale. For more particulars enquire at the office of this paper.

sp21 1m* JAMES KENNEDY.

FOR SALE.**JOHN MCIVOR'S RANCH.**

MAPLE RIDGE,
WITHIN TEN MILES FROM THE CAPITAL.

THIS Property comprises 160 acres of land, of which 20 acres are cleared and well enclosed, with houses, farming implements, stock, &c. Also a wharf with every convenience for loading the river steamers, for which the place is admirably adapted, having a plentiful supply of excellent wood, both fir and maple.

The above valuable property will be sold either with or without the stock and crops, as may suit the purchaser.

For particulars apply to
JOHN MCIVOR.

sp18 1m

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Cherry Creek Silver Mining Company Limited, will be held at Yale, on Thursday, October 10th, at one o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
GEO. DIETZ,
Secretary.

sp18 1m

New Advertisements.**GO TO
THE NEW
GROCERY STORE**

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER B. C.

Where you will find everything in the GROCERY line, the best and cheapest, for CASH, to be had in the CAPITAL.

Our Coffee, Tea and Chocolate, for flavor unsurpassed; with prices low, to suit the times, a trial's only asked. To those who use the "weed," we are willing, ready, able to furnish them with any length of the "Atlantic Cable." We've "Shelton's Brand," and other kinds so much admired for chewing; Cigars, Cheroots, and Faney Pipes, for gents who go awooing. Of Pie Fruits and of Pickles too, we have every kind on hand; with sauces also, pure and good, of every different brand. In Ketchups and in Essences, our shelves are quite replete; these have become essential for flavoring what we eat. Split Peas and Pearl Barley, most excellent for soup; and Sago for the little folks, an antidote for cramp. Stove polish—what so nasty as a rusty metal stove? Shoe-blackening too of a glossier hue than silk or satin ever wore. Wash Trubs and Wash Boards too we have, no better made, we think, nor cheaper can be had elsewhere, in either wood or zinc. Of Buckets we have quite a lot; as well as fine corn Brooms, and brushes plenty, no excuse for keeping dirty rooms. To the Sportsman we can offer a well-selected lot of gun-caps and of powder too, and every size of shot. Our candles, they are very good our coal-oil choice refined, no one here will sell them cheaper; just bear this fact in mind. Our soap is also good and cheap, and old—we don't like new; with Glenfield starch so highly famed, and the best of button blue. Biscuits of various kinds we have, and crackers crisp and sweet: bacon and hams, so nicely cured, they really are a treat. Our sugars, we are safe to say, must meet a large demand, because they're bright and sweet and pure, nor mixed with gritty sand. We have oatmeal too for porridge, or, if you prefer it,—brose, this is the food both strong and good as every SAXON knows.

Spices from the isles of the Indian seas; cloves, cassia, pimento, and such things as these; melons that will melt of themselves in the mouth; peaches and grapes from the far sunny South; currants from Zante, raisins from Spain, will tempt you to buy them again and again. Plums and apples from "Richmond," pears from the Sound; onions from Frisco so big and so round that few, if any, weigh less than a pound. We purchase farm produce, pay in goods or in cash; sell again at slight profits, just to free us from loss. To those who are either "on the buy," or "the sell," just step in next door to the Colonial Hotel; our goods are for sale we invite your inspection, convince'd when once here you will make your selection, and always return for such things as you need.—Fair play—honest dealing, a part of our creed.

WILLIAM CLARKSON.

NEW WESTMINSTER,
September 14th 1887.

New Advertisements.

One Word More:
SEEING IS BELIEVING.

For the BEST and

CHEAPEST Goods in town

GO TO

J. S. Clute's

Whose Goods are NEWER in Styles, BETTER in Quality, and can and will be sold CHEAPER than they can be bought elsewhere.

STAPLE GOODS.

Grey Cottons, Bleached Cottons, Tickings, Tweeds, Linens, Prints, Ginghams, &c., &c.; lower than most houses in town bought them at.

PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS.

Ribbons, Flowers, Hats, Trimmings, Laces, &c., in great variety.

Anything and everything in

GLOVES & HOSIERY.

A few pieces of

BLACK SILK**BEST STOCK**

Of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Hats, Caps, Underclothing, Ties, Scarfs, Collars, &c., ever offered in this market. (Bought for Cash at 50% cent. lower than the regular rates.)

BOOTS & SHOES

FOR STYLE AND QUALITY

NONE CAN COMPETE

as they are bought direct from first hands and for CASH. To examine is to buy.

DEFY ALL COMPETITION.

The Subscriber having just returned from making large purchases, and having replenished his Stock making it the best assorted as to price, quality, and variety in town, can safely

COME EARLY.

Orders from the Interior filled with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Don't forget the place,
Columbia Street, opposite the Colonial Hotel.

JOHN S. CLUTE.
sp18 1m

New Advertisements.

G. C. Clarkson & Co.

BOOKSELLERS**STATIONERS,**

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster,

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

CONSTANTLY FOR SALE,

A large and well selected Stock of

Standard Works

in every department of Literature, also

School Books,

Blank Books,

Paper, and

Stationery

of all kinds; to which the attention of the people of British Columbia is invited.

PUBLIC LIBRARIES

furnished with Books at

VERY LOW PRICES,

by G. C. CLARKSON & Co.

NEWSPAPERS & PERIODICALS

All
British & American Reviews,
Magazines,

Periodicals,

Newspapers,

and New Novels

received by every steamer.

Catalogues of Papers sent free on application—

SEND FOR ONE

at G. C. CLARKSON & Co.

Something for the

FARMER.

We are making up our Club for the

"CANADA FARMER."

for 1888, a fortnightly Journal of Agriculture, Horticulture, and Rural Affairs. Price \$3 00 per annum to any Post Office in the Colony

Send in your Subscriptions at once

to G. C. CLARKSON & Co.

Advertisements.

Clarkson & Co.

SELLERS

IGNERS,

BIA STREET,

estminster,

H COLUMBIA.

D STATIONERY.

TLY FOR SALE,

well selected Stock of

d Works

ment of Literature, also

ooks,

Books,

Paper, and

Stationery

which the attention of the

Libraries

LOW PRICES,

S. & PERIODICALS

ican Reviews,

Medicals,

Newspapers,

and New Novels

FOR ONE

C. CLARKSON & Co.

ing for the

MER.

up our Club for the

FARMER.

ly Journal of Agriculture

subscriptions at once

C. CLARKSON & Co.

The British Columbian.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1867.

ENGLISH SUMMARY.

By the mail which reached us yesterday we have English files to the following brief summary of news:—The Reform Bill passed through the House of Lords on the 8th August. The Earl of Derby, with an endurance worthy of Lord Chatham, re-appeared on the scene, and, though suffering much, again seized the helm from the feeble hands of Lord Malmesbury. Earl Grey moved the adoption of his plan for obtaining twenty-three seats by altering the clause which leaves one member to boroughs with fewer than 10,000 persons. But Lord Derby met him on the threshold with determined resistance, condemned the plan, refused to re-open a large question in August, and menaced the House with the abandonment of the measure if the amendment should be carried. There was much angry remonstrance by leading Peers against this method of silencing the enemy; but Lord Derby renewed his threat, and succeeded in defeating Earl Grey, though by the very small majority of 38 to 86. In the House of Lords a majority of 12 on a most important question can hardly be called a victory for Lord Derby personally; nor is this result one of the least singular incidents of the extraordinary campaign which would seem to be closing. On the following night the House of Lords put back into the bill the provision for permitting votes to be given in writing. The division on this clause was 114 to 36. The Commons, however, rejected the voting-paper principle by a majority of 258 to 206. When next the "specky" bill came before the Lords, Derby advised the Peers to swallow the Commons amendments and have done with it. The bill was accordingly passed as it came from the Lower House and received the Royal Assent on the 15th August. The Earl of Derby, having previously laughed out of the House the ludicrous proposal for reserving seven seats in the general election, to be filled up by the House of Commons with gentlemen who ought to be in the House, but respecting whom the electors might happen to entertain a different opinion, made a final acknowledgment of the temper and candor with which the Press had treated the bill. It was a great experiment, and we were taking a leap in the dark, but he had great confidence in the sound sense of his countrymen. Thus a measure which has made and unmade governments, which may be said to have crowned another Sovereign—the Sovereign people—has at length been disposed of doubtless to the great relief of the Ministers, and much to the satisfaction of the hitherto disfranchised millions.

On August, 9th the Duke of Montrose laid before the House of Lords a copy of the convention entered into with the Government of the United States, by which the postage upon letters passing between the two countries is reduced from one shilling to sixpence. He informed the House that by means of another convention it was hoped that a reduction from one shilling to eight pence would be effected on letters passing through the United States to Canada, and at the same time facilities for communication with the new colony of British Columbia would be secured, by which letters could be sent in a much shorter time than now, by the Isthmus of Panama at a greatly reduced cost, and much more frequently.

In the House of Lords, on the 16th August, the Earl of Derby requested their lordships to meet at 2 p.m. on the following day to pass some bills through their remaining stages, in order that the prorogation might take place on the 21st.

The famine in the province of Orissa would appear to have been terribly fatal. The lowest calculation puts the number of deaths at 750,000. The great famine of 1866 altogether, according to the Times correspondence from Calcutta of July 2d, affected an area of 77,418 square miles—nearly the surface of Great Britain—and a

population of 20 millions. In Orissa the Commissioner accepted the estimate of one-fourth of the population dead as not too high, and of one-eighth in Chota Nagpore. The number of victims in all Eastern India, in that tract of land from the coast between the mouth of the Hooghly and Ganjam to the Nepal border, at not less than 1,500,000—half the population of London or of Scotland. "Fancy," adds the correspondent, "if Paris were depopulated!" The horrors of such a visitation need not be dwelt upon. "A mother and so were found eating a dead child." This, alas! is the natural culmination.

The somewhat novel proposal to boil down 10,000 sheep per week in Australia for the sake of keeping the flocks within bounds and profiting by the fallow only, has given rise to some discussion in the English press, and one paper suggests the utilization of the meat to rescue the starving and underfed at home, and surely the suggestion is deserving of consideration.

Mr. Rassam, one of the Abyssinian captives, has managed to send the following upon a slip of paper to Colonel Merewether:—"It is generally supposed that the refusal of the Emperor to liberate us will be followed by a declaration of war; if so, the following hints may prove useful. Have nothing to do with the Turks, because alliance with the unbelievers will bring on a religious war. Try and obtain the friendship of Wakshim Göluzye, the chief rebel of Lasta and Tigre, and Tisson Göluzye, the chief rebel on the road between Adola and Gondar. They can be very useful in stopping communication between the coast and his Majesty, and in transporting baggage, &c. If the Bishop's assistance be required I can get him to write to all the rebels to render assistance. There is no respectable man in Abyssinia who approves of his Majesty's conduct, but no one has the pluck to speak plainly to him: He has now scarcely any country left, and yet he brags as if he were Alexander the Great. His power is only now acknowledged wherever he is, and he is so afraid of his troops deserting that he dare not attack any of the great rebels."

THE COUNTY COURT ORDINANCE, 1867.

Saturday's *Gazette* announces the Governor's Assent to this Ordinance, passed during the last Session of the Legislature. The Ordinance assimilates the procedure of the County Courts of both sections of the Colony. It provides for the service of summonses by any person, whether interested or not in the suit, if specially authorized in writing by the County Court Judge. This will meet a want much felt in some districts, where the expense of service by the regular officer has been so great as to deter poor persons from pursuing a debt. Perhaps the most important new principle introduced by this bill is that of garnishee, provided for in Clause VII. which reads as follows:—"It shall be lawful for the Judge of any County Court, upon the *ex parte* application of the Judgment Creditor, and upon affidavit of himself or others stating that judgment has been recovered and is still unsatisfied, and to what amount, and that any person is indebted to the Judgment Debtor, and is within the jurisdiction, to order that all debts owing or accruing from such third person to the Judgment Debtor shall be attached to answer the judgment debt; and such third person or garnishee may, by the same order, be required to appear before the Judge of the Court to show cause why he should not pay the Judgment Creditor the amount due by him to the Judgment Debtor, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the judgment debt."

RESERVED.—The Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, in Saturday's *Gazette*, notifies the public that the tract of land, 6,400 acres in extent, (formerly held by Messrs. Fell, Haywood and others, under a local mining license from the Government of Vancouver Island,) extending southeasterly along the shore of Baynes Sound, from a point about 12 miles south-east of Comox, on Vancouver Island, is reserved by Government for a period of three months from the 19th inst.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The Council met at their Hall at 7 o'clock on Monday evening. Present: The President and Councillors Smith, Armstrong, McRoberts, Seabrook, Dickinson, Price, Benson, Withrow, and Ferris.

Minutes of previous meeting read and confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was read from Messrs. Cunningham, Bros., complaining of the change in the grade of the street opposite their store by the deposit of earth taken from Mr. Smeaton's lot. Coun. Armstrong, as Chairman of the Board of Works, addressed the Council at considerable length upon the subject, and concluded by suggesting that Mr. Smeaton might be heard before the Bar of the House.

The Council having resolved itself into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Smeaton made a statement to the effect that he asked neither more nor less than what had been granted to him in the first instance, claiming that what was being done would be a great improvement to that part of Columbia street, and that if the Board of Works would only quit pestering the contractor, and allow him to complete the work, he apprehended it would prove satisfactory. He said that the way the contractor was being annoyed was enough to set him crazy. One day a notice was served to place the gravel on the centre of the street, and the next it was ordered to be removed. He concluded by giving it as his opinion that had the gravel been placed opposite a certain Councillor's door, as he had been asked to do, instead of opposite his own property, all the trouble would have been saved.

The Council resumed, and after some discussion, it was decided to await the completion of the work.

A QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

The President rose to make a statement to the Council in regard to a matter in which he thought the privileges of the President were in danger. He said that at the request of a number of rate-payers, he had called a public meeting a few days ago, for the purpose of getting up an Agricultural Exhibition. The public had done the Council the honour of electing him Chairman of the meeting, and also of electing him Chairman of the general Committee, by placing his name at the head of the list. But at the first meeting of the committee, and during his absence at Victoria, another Chairman had been elected, thereby offering to himself, and to the Council through him, a gross insult. (Sensation.) The Exhibition Committee, as it now existed, was a self-constituted and illegal committee, and was acting in opposition to the wishes of the public, who had done the Council the distinguished honor of placing him at the head of the list. He appealed to the Council whether it would tamely submit to have its ancient privileges and prerogatives thus infringed with impunity. He had thought that morning of appealing to the Council to start a legitimate Exhibition, and thereby ignore the self-constituted Committee altogether; but as the Committee was carrying the movement forward, he thought it would perhaps be as well not to attempt that. He concluded by appealing to the Council to stand up manfully in defence of the ancient privileges of their President, any insult offered to whom was an insult offered to themselves.

Councillor Ferris replied in a very able and telling speech. He said the President appeared to have altogether mistaken his position in this matter. He had, as was customary, presided at the public meeting, called by himself, as President of the Council; but there his duties and position as Chairman ended. Had he been present at the first meeting of the general committee it would have been his duty, as the first name on the list, to call the committee to order, and preside until a Chairman was elected; and it was possible that had he been present he might have been elected permanent Chairman; but it was clearly the prerogative of the committee to elect its own officers, and in exercising that prerogative he felt sure no one had the slightest idea that they were offering any slight either to the Coun-

oil or to its President. He alluded to the practice in other countries to show that it was altogether a misapprehension on the part of the President to imagine that he was Chairman of the Exhibition Committee and that it was illegal and self-constituted merely because he was not presiding over it. Whatever claims he might be supposed to have to that position, by virtue of his being President of the Municipal Council, he considered that the Member for the District had far stronger claims. The movement was not a city one. It was more properly a country interest, and who had a better right to preside than the Member for the District, who had always taken such a deep interest in agricultural matters, and who had personally visited nearly every farm in the District? He expressed his deep regret, in conclusion, that the President of the Council should have so far misapprehended his position, and raised such an ado about nothing.

The President, contrary to the remonstrances of the Council, insisted upon having the last word. He reiterated much of what he said before, and repeated that the privileges and prerogatives of the President were in danger. Thus ended a scene which left the impression on the mind of our Reporter that if anything was in danger at all it was the *esprit de corps* of the Council, through the childish ambition and silly conceit of its President.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

The Board of Works submitted plans and specifications for certain repairs upon the two bridges on either side of Lytton square, and tenders for the same were ordered to be invited. The Collector laid his Bonds before the council, and the same were accepted.

The Council went into Committee of the Whole upon the Assessment Roll, which occupied them up to a late hour, when our Reporter withdrew.

FROM VICTORIA.—The str. Alexandra, Capt. Swanson, arrived from Victoria last evening, bringing freight and a few passengers. There is very little local news. A deputation waited upon His Excellency the Governor, on Friday, in the interest of "Old Waddy," and his overland road to the moon. The gentlemen forming the deputation were very much shocked to learn that His Excellency was rather opposed to aerial routes, and that Mr. Southgate had already obtained a grant for a road on *terra firma*, via Savannah's Ferry, and the Boat Encampment, coming out to the seaboard by the valley of the Fraser. One hundred gas consumers have pledged themselves to use no more gas at present rates. What will become of the politicians? A Rifle match had taken place between the Fleet and the Victoria Rifle company, the latter beating by 92 points.—The High Sheriff has notified defaulters under the Real Estate Tax Act, that he will proceed shortly to levy for the amount due, upon the goods and chattels of the parties.

NEW ARCHANGEL.—We have advices from Sitka to 20th August. The weather was delightful, and game was very abundant, a fine fat deer selling for 50 cts. Upon the arrival of the U. S. Steamer Lincoln an order was promulgated to prevent any more lots being pre-empted. This led to speculation in lots already pre-empted. It is said that good diggings exist upon Copper River, but the Indians who are numerous, hostile and warlike, evince no friendly disposition to wards the development of the mines by the whites.

THE AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION MOVEMENT.—The general Committee held a meeting on Monday which was largely attended. The list of articles for Exhibition were decided upon, and the Secretaries were instructed to have copies of the list, together with a circular and a blank form for the use of Exhibitors, printed and transmitted to every farmer within the District. Several Sub-Committees were appointed, and the work generally fairly set in motion. The General Committee meets again at 2 o'clock p.m. to-day.

ARRIVAL OF THE MAIL.—The Mail steamer reached Victoria on Monday evening, and the Leviathan arrived here at 3 p.m. yesterday, bringing our eastern mails. She left again at 5 o'clock in order to connect with the mail steamer which sails for San Francisco this afternoon.

FOR VICTORIA.—The str. Alexandra, started for Victoria at 4 o'clock this morning, and will connect with the mail steamer which sails at 3 p.m.

If you wish the very best CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, you must call on BRADLEY & RUL OFSON, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

THE Rev. J. C. Fletcher gave us last evening, a brilliant lecture on the religion, customs, and people of Brazil. Seldom have we relished anything more than the picture he laid before his audience of that exuberant garden of the tropics laden with its strange variety of fruits and flowers, teeming with perpetual harvest for the hand of man. Surely that country must be the garden of the world, and if its people had the enterprise which moves this Yankee nation, imagination could not set a bound to the results they could produce there. As relevant to this comparison the Rev. gentleman stated that the best remedies employed there for the diseases to which they are subject, are invented and supplied to them by our own well-known countryman, Dr. J. C. Ayer of Lowell, Mass., and that not the people only but the priesthood and the court of the Emperor down, have constant recourse in sickness to the Remedies of this widely celebrated American Chemist. *Lodge, Boston.*

GOOD ACCOMMODATION.—Travelers to Cariboo this season will find most comfortable quarters at the Colonia Hotel, Soda Creek, the enterprising proprietors Messrs. McLeese & Senay being prepared to afford to those who may favor them with a call increased accommodation at a much less cost than hitherto.

New Advertisements.

RARE CHANCE!

GUNN'S FARM,
OPPOSITE KITSEY.

For Sale.

160 Acres of Meadow and high land—6 acres of the high land cleared, grubbed and fenced.

A GOOD HOUSE,

Containing 3 Rooms, and a Kitchen, lined with tongue and grooved lumber.

.....ALSO.....
A FRAME BARN,
60x20 and a Cow-house 60x20.

FARMING UTENSILS,

Of every description, 3000 rails for fencing.

40 Head of Poultry,

2 Pigs,
The present year's Crop.

32 Head of Cattle.

The whole to be sold cheap for cash, as the owner, being in bad health, intends leaving the country.

Apply at the office of this paper, or to Mr. Gunn on the farm.
sept 11m

NOTICE.

ALL parties indebted to Dr. Black are hereby notified that unless their accounts are paid or arranged before the 1st day of June next, immediate proceedings will be taken.
HENRY V. EDMONDS.

New Advertisements.

D. Withrow

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WE TMINSTER.

Importer

MANUFACTURER

DEALER IN

FURNITURE

BEDDING,

WILLOW - WARE,

WINDOW SASHES,

DOORS, &c.

FURNITURE

Parlor and Bed-room Suits, Tables, Bureaus, Side-boards, Cupboards, Chairs, Sofas, Couches, What-nots, Wash-stands, Mirrors, Hat-racks, Hassocks, &c., &c.

BEDDING.

Hair Mattresses, Pulu do., Straw do., and Feather beds.

WILLOW WARE,

Baby Carriages, Baby Cradles, Baskets of every size and description, Toys, in great variety.

WINDOWS, DOORS, &c.

This is the only House in the United Colony that imports and keeps on hand an assortment of Window sash, Doors, and Venetian Blinds of Eastern manufacture. Also, on hand, Window glass, Putty, Wall paper, &c., &c.

MOULDINGS.

In Gilt and Rosewood, for Picture frames, constantly on hand, and Pictures framed with neatness and dispatch.

MUSIC.

Sole Agent for A. McPHAIL & Co's. Grand over-string

PIANOS.

A few superior Instruments now on hand.

All the above Goods being imported direct from the Manufacturers, will be sold at prices which will defy successful competition.

Orders from the up-country are solicited, and will receive special attention.

assist

D. WITHROW.

[Faint, illegible markings]

New Westminster, June 12 1907

60 New Westminster, Feb. 9, 1886. 210

Onwren, B. C., 22d Aug. 1867. w

All the above articles for sale by H. W. SMITH
Dr. M. JONES Druggists, &c., New Westminster,
and every dealer, in the Colony.

and
O. OFFICE—Columbia street, near the Court
House.